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| easyCBM® Slope Reliability: Letter Names, Word Reading Fluency, and Passage |
| Reading Fluency |
| Revised December 2011 |
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Abstract

Within a response to intervention (RTI) framework, students are administered multiple tests of equivalent difficulty. Changes in students' scores over time are then attributed to changes in learning. In the current study, we evaluated the reliability of score changes (i.e., slope) for the easyCBM® letter names, word reading fluency, and passage reading fluency measures. Data came from a sample of convenience and included students taking at least three tests of one measure type during one academic year (up to 38 weeks). Data were organized into bi-weekly segments and a growth model for two parallel processes was conducted, with "A" weeks (2A, 3A, 4A, 5A, 6A, 7A, 8A, and 9A) in one process and "B" weeks (2B, 3B, 4B, 5B, 6B, 7B, 8B, and 9B) in the other. A linear growth model was conducted in each process and the individual slopes were estimated within the growth modeling framework. Then, the reliability of the slope was estimated as the correlation between individual slopes from the two parallel processes with a correction by the Spearman-Brown formula.

easyCBM® Slope Reliability: Letter Names, Word Reading Fluency, and Passage Reading Fluency

Revised December 2011

Perhaps the key component of response to intervention (RTI) is the ability to monitor and evaluate changes in student learning progressions. In the general RTI model, teachers administer screening measures to identify students in need of additional instructional attention. Once students are identified, an intervention is provided with the intent of increasing the rate at which the student learns the material. If the student responds to the intervention and the slope becomes markedly steeper, then the teacher has gained evidence that a particular intervention works well for that particular student. However, if the student does not respond to the intervention and progress is not made, then the teacher has gained evidence that the intervention is not effective for the student and a different intervention strategy should be explored. Thus learning gains within RTI are used to evaluate both the rate the individual student is learning and the effectiveness of a particular intervention strategy. Given the importance of these decisions, it is paramount that the set of measures used provide reliable estimates of the growth slope over time.

In this technical report, we provide evidence for the reliability of the slope for three easyCBM® reading measures: Letter Names, Word Reading Fluency, and Passage Reading Fluency. A parallel processing linear growth model via structural equation modeling was applied to extant data collected across the 2010-2011 school year.

Methods

In this section we describe the easyCBM® measures under investigation, the sample of students included in each analysis, and the model applied.

Measures

The easyCBM® reading measures were developed in 2006 specifically for use within an RTI framework. There are 20 alternate forms of each measure type, each designed to be of equivalent difficulty. Of the 20 measures available, three are designated for tri-annual benchmark screening (fall, winter, and spring), with the remaining 17 designated for monitoring the progress of students receiving an intervention. All assessments under investigation are fluency based. Students are given 60 seconds to complete as much of the form as possible (i.e., naming letters, reading words, or reading from a passage). Students' self-corrections are treated as correct responses while omissions are scored "missing". All forms were created to be as comparable as possible in terms of difficulty.

Letter names. For a full description of the development of the letter names measures, see Alonzo and Tindal (2007b). The letter names measures were administered in kindergarten and first grade to assess students' fluency in naming letters of the English alphabet, both in lower and upper case formats. During alternate form creation, each letter was treated as an item and a unidimensional Rasch model was applied to estimate item difficulties. Letters in their lower and upper case form were treated as separate items.

Word Reading Fluency. For a full description of the development of the word reading fluency measures, see (Alonzo & Tindal, 2007a). The word reading fluency measures were administered in kindergarten through third grade to assess students' fluency with common "sight words" and words following regular patterns of letter/sound correspondence in the English language. During alternate form creation, an item bank of words was created. Each word was treated as an item and a unidimensional Rasch model was applied to estimate item difficulties. Dolch lists were the used to choose grade-level appropriate words.

Passage Reading Fluency. For a full description of the development of the passage reading fluency measures, see (Alonzo & Tindal, 2007a). The passage reading fluency measures were administered in grades 1-8. Unlike the Letter Name and Word Reading Fluency measures, a Rasch model could not be used to scale the forms because there are no distinct "items". Rather, the passage reading fluency measure consists of a passage of approximately 250 words of gradelevel appropriate text from which the student reads. Correlations and mean differences were used to obtain information on the relative difficulty of each passage.

Data Sources and Preparation

All data used in this study were collected from an extant database. The easyCBM® progress monitoring assessment system has several thousand users and the research reported here capitalized on the existing data from users of the system. The raw data file contained student scores for all progress monitoring assessments administered throughout the 2010-2011 school year. In other words, any student who had taken at least one easyCBM® assessment during the year and had data recorded into the online system were represented – totaling approximately 170,000 students per grade. The following steps were taken in cleaning the data file for the purpose of this study:

- a) Delete students with fewer than than 3 observed scores.
- b) Delete students with off-grade level testing (i.e., if the measure grade does not equal the students' grade).
- c) Delete students who performed at the 50th percentile or better on their first progress monitoring measure.
- d) Recode scores of 0 to missing data
- e) Average students' scores that occurred within 1 week.

f) Collapse (average) weekly observations into bi-weekly segments.

Although there are certainly other steps that could have been taken in cleaning the data, we felt each of these steps were necessary. Students with less than three time points were deleted because their contribution in estimation of the overall rate of growth would be limited. This step in the process generally resulted in the greatest drop in the overall sample size, as many students were included with only one or two time points in the original data files. Data from students taking measures outside of their grade-level were also eliminated because we wanted to ensure the results would reflect students' from the grade in which the measures were designed. Additionally, because the purpose of easyCBM[®] progress monitoring measures is to track students who are falling behind, we eliminated data from all students scoring at or above the 50th percentile in their first progress monitoring measure. As Anderson, Lai, Alonzo, and Tindal (2011) showed, easyCBM[®] measures are designed to optimally measure students performing below expectations. The measures themselves are likely not as sensitive to the growth that students performing above the 50th percentile make. Students' with scores of 0 were recoded to missing because the score was unlikely representative of the students' true reading ability. For example, the test form may have been inappropriately administered, as the student was unable to access the scale. In this case, a score of 0 would not represent the 'absence' of reading ability but instead an inability to access the language in the test form administered.

Students with multiple measures administered within the same week had the scores averaged, resulting in a data file with one variable representing each week of the school year. Scores within a week were averaged primarily as control for measurement error. For example, if a student were administered two measures in one week and the student scored a 2 and 12, then a score of 7 would likely be more representative of the students' true ability than either the score

of 2 or 12. Finally, the weekly variables were collapsed into bi-weekly segments to reduce the sparseness of the data, which also increased the sample size within each time segment.

Collapsing to bi-weekly segments also allowed more time to pass between time points so the changes in score would be more likely to be representative of students' learning.

Data Analysis

This study aimed to estimate the reliability of the slope for three easyCBM® measures. Under a structural equation modeling (SEM) framework, a growth model with two parallel growth processes was used. Essentially, two linear growth models were simultaneously modeled. The two parallel growth processes were established by splitting the available time segments into two groups. One group of time segments was used to form one linear growth process, and another group of time segments was used to form another linear growth process. For each linear growth process, the individual slopes of growth were estimated as factor scores of the latent slope factor. Then, the correlation between individual slopes from the two parallel growth processes was computed as an estimate of the reliability of the growth slope. The Spearman-Brown formula was then used to correct the correlation coefficient because each process had only half the available time represented.

The procedure was analogous to VanDerHeyden and Burns (2008). In order to estimate the reliability of a slope, they (1) split a series of longitudinal observations into two parallel series, (2) computed an OLS regression slope for each individual for each series, (3) computed the correlation of the individual slopes between the two parallel series, and (4) corrected the correlation by the Spearman-Brown formula. Our procedure was exactly the same as VanDerHyden and Burns' four-step procedure, with one exception. For step 2 VanDerHyden and Burns's derived a direct estimate of individual slopes based only on the observed measures of

each student. By contrast, our method used empirical Bayes estimates of individual slopes (e.g., Raudenbush & Bryk, 2002) that incorporated information about the estimated mean slope and the estimated variance of individual slopes from the entire sample data.

The bi-weekly segments were evenly split into two parallel processes in the following manner. The first bi-weekly segment (average of weeks 1 and 2) was labeled 1A and assigned to a group of time segments for one linear growth process (Process A). The second bi-weekly segment (average of weeks 3 and 4) was labeled 1B and assigned to a group of time segments for another linear growth process (Process B). Similarly, the third bi-weekly segment (average of weeks 5 and 6) was labeled 2A and assigned to Process A, while the fourth bi-weekly segment (average of weeks 7 and 8) was labeled 2B and assigned to Process B. This pattern continued for the entire available bi-weekly segments, totaling 20 time segments, 1A – 10B, across 38 weeks of the school year. However, in many grades there were zero or near-zero students represented in the first two time segments (1A and 1B) and the last two time segments (10A and 10B). Also, there were other time segments with very few observations for some of the data sets. As a part of data cleaning process, descriptive statistics for each time segment for each data set were examined, and time segments with zero or near-zero students represented were deleted from the data.

In each data set, the linear growth model for two parallel processes was fit. The first linear growth model (Process A) was fit with the "A" time segments (2A, 3A, 4A, 5A, 6A, 7A, 8A, and 9A), whereas the second linear growth model (Process B) was fit with the "B" time segments (2B, 3B, 4B, 5B, 6B, 7B, 8B, and 9B). For both growth processes, the time scores of the growth slope factor were fixed to 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 to define a linear growth model with equal time intervals between time segments. The zero time score for the growth slope factor

at time segment one defines the intercept, initial status factors. On the other hand, the coefficients of the growth intercept factors were fixed at one as part of the regular growth model parameterization. The residual variances of the outcome variables (observed test scores) were estimated but fixed to be the same across time segments. Also, it was assumed that the residuals were not correlated. On the other hand, the growth slope factors were assumed to be correlated. The correlation between the two growth slope factors from the two growth processes, was interpreted as the reliability of the slope of the growth. All parameters were estimated with the Mplus software, using the Maximum Likelihood estimator with robust standard error. Note that due to some problems emerging during model parameter estimation, further data cleaning was pursued for some of the data sets, resulting in deletion of more time segments. All deleted time segments are displayed in bold-faced font in Tables 3 - 15.

Results

The slope reliability estimates are displayed in Table 1. The total sample sizes for each analysis are displayed in Table 2 and ranged from 122 to 1,146 depending on the data set. The sample size, means, and standard deviations are reported for each time point for the letter names measures in Tables 3-4, word reading fluency in Tables 5-7, and passage reading fluency in Tables 8-13. Overall, the slope reliabilities were high, all above .8 across measures and grades. The standard errors of the estimated reliabilities ranged from .017 to .194 across measures and grades.

Discussion

This study capitalized on an extant database to explore the reliability of the slope for the easyCBM[®] letter names, word reading fluency, and passage reading fluency. Overall, the results indicated that the observed slope – the rate at which easyCBM[®] scores change – was quite

reliable. Coefficients were generally above .9 and were universally above .8. This study provides increased evidence that changes in the easyCBM® observed scores are stable for letter names, word reading fluency, and passage reading fluency.

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easyCBM Slope Reliability

Table 1
Reliability coefficients

| Grade | Letter Names | Word Reading | Passage Reading |
|-------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| K | .859 | - | - |
| 1 | .753 | .812 | .711 |
| 2 | - | .881 | .869 |
| 3 | - | .853 | .805 |
| 4 | - | - | .820 |
| 5 | - | - | .841 |
| 6 | - | - | .775 |
| 7 | - | - | .805 |
| 8 | - | - | .495 |

Note. Values represent Spearman-Brown corrected correlation coefficient between each half of the parallel process model.

Table 2
Sample size for each model

| Grade | Letter Names | Word Reading | Passage Reading |
|-------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| K | 504 | - | - |
| 1 | 210 | 937 | 810 |
| 2 | - | 665 | 385 |
| 3 | - | 122 | 966 |
| 4 | - | - | 1,020 |
| 5 | - | - | 1,146 |
| 6 | - | - | 411 |
| 7 | - | - | 393 |
| 8 | - | - | 287 |

Note. Values represent Spearman-Brown corrected correlation coefficient between each half of the parallel process model.

Table 3
Letter Names Descriptive Statistics: Grade K

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|-------|----------------|
| 1A | 20 | 1 | 11 | 4.60 | 3.119 |
| 1B | 29 | 1 | 12 | 7.10 | 3.244 |
| 2A | 116 | 1 | 15 | 6.54 | 3.681 |
| 2B | 169 | 1 | 35 | 8.79 | 5.649 |
| 3A | 145 | 1 | 37 | 10.24 | 7.079 |
| 3B | 170 | 1 | 50 | 13.51 | 8.600 |
| 4A | 254 | 1 | 51 | 15.59 | 10.135 |
| 4B | 86 | 2 | 38 | 14.01 | 7.995 |
| 5A | 140 | 1 | 48 | 20.84 | 11.191 |
| 5B | 131 | 2 | 59 | 23.39 | 12.661 |
| 6A | 155 | 2 | 47 | 19.79 | 10.576 |
| 6B | 303 | 1 | 75 | 23.63 | 12.848 |
| 7A | 244 | 2 | 60 | 25.81 | 11.684 |
| 7B | 261 | 2 | 82 | 28.28 | 14.321 |
| 8A | 129 | 1 | 61 | 27.41 | 11.521 |
| 8B | 212 | 2 | 96 | 31.09 | 14.787 |
| 9A | 167 | 2 | 66 | 28.10 | 11.237 |
| 9B | 99 | 5 | 69 | 29.27 | 12.401 |
| 10A | 68 | 5 | 56 | 31.14 | 11.726 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 4
Letter Names Descriptive Statistics: Grade 1

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|-------|----------------|
| 1A | 3 | 3 | 37 | 23.00 | 17.776 |
| 1B | 31 | 6 | 40 | 27.74 | 8.869 |
| 2A | 56 | 1 | 44 | 28.07 | 9.691 |
| 2B | 105 | 8 | 62 | 32.58 | 8.846 |
| 3A | 95 | 3 | 60 | 33.62 | 10.396 |
| 3B | 64 | 6 | 56 | 35.66 | 10.285 |
| 4A | 88 | 7 | 93 | 37.64 | 11.059 |
| 4B | 17 | 9 | 56 | 34.29 | 12.444 |
| 5A | 33 | 8 | 93 | 41.73 | 14.481 |
| 5B | 64 | 3 | 75 | 43.81 | 11.863 |
| 6A | 32 | 26 | 70 | 44.53 | 10.770 |
| 6B | 65 | 9 | 81 | 45.14 | 11.849 |
| 7A | 56 | 8 | 75 | 47.06 | 13.447 |
| 7B | 65 | 14 | 87 | 48.73 | 14.789 |
| 8A | 46 | 18 | 68 | 49.48 | 10.994 |
| 8B | 38 | 10 | 87 | 48.78 | 17.435 |
| 9A | 45 | 28 | 98 | 53.01 | 16.205 |
| 9B | 18 | 2 | 75 | 50.33 | 17.852 |
| 10A | 26 | 26 | 78 | 57.35 | 12.270 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 5
Word Reading Fluency Descriptive Statistics: Grade 1

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|-------|----------------|
| 1A | 19 | 1 | 8 | 2.79 | 2.123 |
| 1B | 68 | 1 | 8 | 3.87 | 1.939 |
| 2A | 193 | 1 | 11 | 4.82 | 2.336 |
| 2B | 263 | 1 | 19 | 6.26 | 2.991 |
| 3A | 302 | 1 | 25 | 6.88 | 3.953 |
| 3B | 226 | 1 | 19 | 8.04 | 3.588 |
| 4A | 382 | 1 | 21 | 9.97 | 4.491 |
| 4B | 87 | 1 | 26 | 12.57 | 5.098 |
| 5A | 119 | 1 | 24 | 10.50 | 4.627 |
| 5B | 252 | 1 | 46 | 13.59 | 6.799 |
| 6A | 327 | 2 | 42 | 13.26 | 5.761 |
| 6B | 485 | 1 | 36 | 13.82 | 5.961 |
| 7A | 501 | 1 | 58 | 16.43 | 8.098 |
| 7B | 445 | 3 | 61 | 18.23 | 8.359 |
| 8A | 337 | 1 | 53 | 18.46 | 9.120 |
| 8B | 438 | 1 | 63 | 20.11 | 9.019 |
| 9A | 486 | 3 | 59 | 21.29 | 9.990 |
| 9B | 395 | 2 | 68 | 23.52 | 11.607 |
| 10A | 152 | 5 | 64 | 26.05 | 11.651 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 6
Word Reading Fluency Descriptive Statistics: Grade 2

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|-------|----------------|
| 1A | 3 | 7 | 25 | 18.67 | 10.116 |
| 1B | 119 | 4 | 37 | 17.97 | 7.829 |
| 2A | 221 | 1 | 39 | 16.29 | 8.028 |
| 2B | 346 | 1 | 56 | 19.24 | 9.024 |
| 3A | 300 | 1 | 53 | 21.36 | 9.431 |
| 3B | 315 | 3 | 116 | 22.50 | 11.155 |
| 4A | 299 | 2 | 48 | 22.90 | 10.172 |
| 4B | 130 | 3 | 55 | 23.72 | 11.172 |
| 5A | 161 | 4 | 61 | 25.93 | 11.175 |
| 5B | 191 | 4 | 56 | 28.65 | 11.471 |
| 6A | 205 | 4 | 60 | 29.39 | 11.781 |
| 6B | 354 | 3 | 64 | 29.74 | 12.478 |
| 7A | 317 | 3 | 69 | 33.25 | 13.697 |
| 7B | 275 | 3 | 66 | 31.84 | 13.523 |
| 8A | 180 | 5 | 68 | 32.98 | 13.586 |
| 8B | 259 | 4 | 67 | 35.13 | 13.398 |
| 9A | 291 | 6 | 71 | 35.71 | 14.153 |
| 9B | 193 | 8 | 78 | 38.59 | 14.657 |
| 10A | 79 | 4 | 71 | 38.31 | 18.618 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 7
Word Reading Fluency Descriptive Statistics: Grade 3

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|----|---------|---------|-------|----------------|
| 1A | 1 | 9 | 9 | 9.00 | |
| 1B | 10 | 7 | 17 | 13.40 | 4.300 |
| 2A | 46 | 4 | 25 | 15.52 | 6.221 |
| 2B | 67 | 2 | 38 | 16.97 | 7.448 |
| 3A | 52 | 5 | 38 | 16.40 | 8.059 |
| 3B | 21 | 10 | 40 | 21.17 | 7.506 |
| 4A | 60 | 6 | 36 | 19.95 | 7.597 |
| 4B | 21 | 5 | 32 | 17.38 | 9.030 |
| 5A | 10 | 9 | 35 | 21.10 | 8.399 |
| 5B | 21 | 6 | 33 | 18.81 | 6.772 |
| 6A | 22 | 9 | 41 | 24.41 | 10.617 |
| 6B | 50 | 8 | 39 | 23.98 | 8.241 |
| 7A | 33 | 4 | 40 | 22.92 | 9.715 |
| 7B | 45 | 5 | 50 | 25.37 | 10.412 |
| 8A | 27 | 5 | 76 | 32.41 | 14.058 |
| 8B | 28 | 11 | 46 | 26.87 | 10.584 |
| 9A | 58 | 7 | 53 | 28.48 | 11.622 |
| 9B | 22 | 14 | 46 | 32.55 | 9.679 |
| 10A | 17 | 14 | 50 | 31.75 | 10.793 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 8
Passage Reading Fluency Descriptive Statistics: Grade 1

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|-------|----------------|
| 1A | 0 | | | | |
| 1B | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2.00 | |
| 2A | 16 | 1 | 7 | 4.31 | 2.213 |
| 2B | 49 | 1 | 22 | 5.12 | 4.246 |
| 3A | 41 | 1 | 26 | 4.98 | 4.156 |
| 3B | 38 | 1 | 17 | 6.00 | 3.817 |
| 4A | 124 | 1 | 40 | 8.37 | 5.510 |
| 4B | 60 | 1 | 31 | 12.76 | 6.452 |
| 5A | 86 | 1 | 35 | 10.80 | 6.581 |
| 5B | 184 | 1 | 47 | 12.14 | 6.947 |
| 6A | 277 | 1 | 58 | 13.97 | 7.349 |
| 6B | 438 | 2 | 45 | 15.53 | 7.924 |
| 7A | 505 | 1 | 68 | 19.11 | 10.247 |
| 7B | 495 | 1 | 67 | 19.53 | 10.532 |
| 8A | 315 | 1 | 69 | 21.82 | 12.991 |
| 8B | 495 | 2 | 64 | 24.45 | 12.437 |
| 9A | 547 | 1 | 79 | 26.17 | 15.366 |
| 9B | 380 | 1 | 74 | 28.80 | 14.675 |
| 10A | 191 | 2 | 92 | 33.95 | 19.907 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 9
Passage Reading Fluency Descriptive Statistics: Grade 2

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|-------|----------------|
| 1A | 20 | 5 | 25 | 15.13 | 7.095 |
| 1B | 76 | 2 | 33 | 16.24 | 5.866 |
| 2A | 188 | 2 | 68 | 17.92 | 9.289 |
| 2B | 231 | 2 | 107 | 22.09 | 11.055 |
| 3A | 192 | 3 | 56 | 24.34 | 11.508 |
| 3B | 156 | 2 | 52 | 26.88 | 11.840 |
| 4A | 223 | 2 | 64 | 27.52 | 12.182 |
| 4B | 77 | 3 | 60 | 27.91 | 14.305 |
| 5A | 78 | 4 | 109 | 34.53 | 16.921 |
| 5B | 114 | 1 | 106 | 32.75 | 16.851 |
| 6A | 154 | 5 | 85 | 36.37 | 14.848 |
| 6B | 244 | 2 | 95 | 38.15 | 18.366 |
| 7A | 218 | 4 | 116 | 42.19 | 17.070 |
| 7B | 199 | 3 | 102 | 43.16 | 19.132 |
| 8A | 172 | 5 | 114 | 43.65 | 19.426 |
| 8B | 198 | 1 | 100 | 46.25 | 19.675 |
| 9A | 211 | 1 | 101 | 44.94 | 19.092 |
| 9B | 128 | 2 | 121 | 51.75 | 22.460 |
| 10A | 69 | 9 | 108 | 56.57 | 25.595 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 10
Passage Reading Fluency Descriptive Statistics: Grade 3

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|-------|----------------|
| 1A | 67 | 11 | 83 | 56.47 | 18.686 |
| 1B | 178 | 1 | 91 | 55.60 | 18.804 |
| 2A | 345 | 7 | 111 | 59.73 | 18.196 |
| 2B | 599 | 2 | 133 | 62.37 | 20.324 |
| 3A | 421 | 8 | 123 | 66.87 | 20.550 |
| 3B | 430 | 11 | 119 | 70.43 | 19.932 |
| 4A | 513 | 13 | 127 | 70.41 | 22.567 |
| 4B | 216 | 7 | 114 | 73.54 | 22.218 |
| 5A | 192 | 4 | 121 | 72.73 | 21.610 |
| 5B | 270 | 10 | 132 | 75.44 | 21.963 |
| 6A | 356 | 4 | 142 | 79.81 | 21.891 |
| 6B | 620 | 11 | 216 | 81.83 | 22.258 |
| 7A | 480 | 9 | 146 | 80.60 | 22.209 |
| 7B | 559 | 14 | 137 | 82.89 | 22.475 |
| 8A | 377 | 13 | 148 | 84.76 | 22.452 |
| 8B | 469 | 8 | 162 | 83.86 | 23.098 |
| 9A | 541 | 15 | 165 | 85.83 | 23.066 |
| 9B | 343 | 9 | 164 | 88.37 | 21.825 |
| 10A | 159 | 8 | 130 | 86.70 | 23.729 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 11
Passage Reading Fluency Descriptive Statistics: Grade 4

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|--------|----------------|
| 1A | 69 | 19 | 105 | 84.43 | 18.920 |
| 1B | 144 | 18 | 116 | 79.26 | 17.920 |
| 2A | 376 | 6 | 137 | 84.40 | 20.936 |
| 2B | 469 | 9 | 131 | 84.66 | 19.716 |
| 3A | 503 | 15 | 146 | 89.60 | 20.592 |
| 3B | 393 | 24 | 154 | 90.90 | 19.570 |
| 4A | 526 | 3 | 141 | 88.52 | 24.672 |
| 4B | 192 | 25 | 139 | 95.81 | 20.114 |
| 5A | 206 | 28 | 146 | 97.46 | 21.059 |
| 5B | 303 | 3 | 144 | 95.75 | 22.513 |
| 6A | 408 | 22 | 150 | 98.43 | 19.995 |
| 6B | 566 | 11 | 167 | 95.61 | 22.568 |
| 7A | 572 | 1 | 177 | 103.87 | 21.589 |
| 7B | 542 | 7 | 153 | 101.14 | 23.824 |
| 8A | 288 | 42 | 172 | 102.30 | 22.041 |
| 8B | 470 | 12 | 179 | 105.82 | 22.808 |
| 9A | 482 | 2 | 188 | 105.76 | 23.781 |
| 9B | 364 | 36 | 152 | 109.97 | 20.607 |
| 10A | 185 | 50 | 180 | 106.93 | 23.704 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 12
Passage Reading Fluency Descriptive Statistics: Grade 5

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|--------|----------------|
| 1A | 36 | 39 | 147 | 105.79 | 23.321 |
| 1B | 174 | 9 | 160 | 105.86 | 24.709 |
| 2A | 427 | 5 | 193 | 107.04 | 25.446 |
| 2B | 533 | 14 | 198 | 108.46 | 28.131 |
| 3A | 602 | 13 | 211 | 113.55 | 27.905 |
| 3B | 447 | 15 | 215 | 117.47 | 27.610 |
| 4A | 543 | 16 | 205 | 119.96 | 28.706 |
| 4B | 255 | 12 | 175 | 116.08 | 28.179 |
| 5A | 244 | 29 | 186 | 119.58 | 26.595 |
| 5B | 380 | 51 | 190 | 120.86 | 26.571 |
| 6A | 367 | 41 | 203 | 122.00 | 25.512 |
| 6B | 494 | 20 | 203 | 120.45 | 28.536 |
| 7A | 604 | 11 | 220 | 124.66 | 28.630 |
| 7B | 482 | 41 | 194 | 122.30 | 26.689 |
| 8A | 297 | 44 | 184 | 121.77 | 25.861 |
| 8B | 461 | 22 | 214 | 126.40 | 29.502 |
| 9A | 521 | 2 | 201 | 126.97 | 27.834 |
| 9B | 296 | 1 | 217 | 126.52 | 28.365 |
| 10A | 174 | 27 | 223 | 130.00 | 29.236 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 13
Passage Reading Fluency Descriptive Statistics: Grade 6

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|--------|----------------|
| 1A | 32 | 83 | 131 | 111.20 | 12.814 |
| 1B | 42 | 33 | 149 | 111.83 | 23.613 |
| 2A | 141 | 24 | 160 | 100.72 | 26.115 |
| 2B | 150 | 18 | 150 | 100.65 | 27.767 |
| 3A | 143 | 7 | 162 | 100.40 | 29.318 |
| 3B | 116 | 31 | 170 | 105.65 | 27.873 |
| 4A | 129 | 29 | 251 | 113.52 | 30.587 |
| 4B | 93 | 35 | 173 | 100.72 | 29.636 |
| 5A | 121 | 24 | 170 | 107.07 | 28.725 |
| 5B | 126 | 13 | 159 | 103.90 | 29.776 |
| 6A | 80 | 44 | 186 | 109.06 | 25.182 |
| 6B | 121 | 21 | 190 | 111.83 | 31.379 |
| 7A | 134 | 38 | 207 | 115.61 | 28.271 |
| 7B | 111 | 6 | 186 | 118.39 | 32.304 |
| 8A | 165 | 42 | 249 | 115.40 | 29.285 |
| 8B | 158 | 36 | 210 | 115.74 | 30.303 |
| 9A | 145 | 24 | 215 | 122.05 | 34.865 |
| 9B | 51 | 61 | 173 | 123.67 | 25.428 |
| 10A | 35 | 24 | 185 | 117.06 | 43.986 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 14
Passage Reading Fluency Descriptive Statistics: Grade 7

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|--------|----------------|
| 1A | 51 | 44 | 150 | 112.82 | 24.775 |
| 1B | 43 | 85 | 175 | 132.47 | 20.536 |
| 2A | 109 | 36 | 170 | 112.83 | 26.431 |
| 2B | 175 | 30 | 175 | 116.14 | 27.849 |
| 3A | 118 | 23 | 187 | 120.32 | 26.762 |
| 3B | 81 | 28 | 203 | 121.96 | 27.377 |
| 4A | 192 | 4 | 185 | 108.18 | 34.597 |
| 4B | 73 | 40 | 178 | 107.96 | 30.366 |
| 5A | 86 | 44 | 177 | 108.37 | 29.759 |
| 5B | 106 | 16 | 170 | 115.05 | 31.199 |
| 6A | 141 | 22 | 192 | 128.26 | 30.802 |
| 6B | 140 | 19 | 183 | 114.52 | 28.089 |
| 7A | 128 | 45 | 175 | 119.52 | 27.167 |
| 7B | 91 | 34 | 189 | 116.29 | 31.463 |
| 8A | 90 | 40 | 186 | 128.24 | 26.770 |
| 8B | 107 | 63 | 185 | 125.76 | 27.152 |
| 9A | 149 | 23 | 196 | 123.50 | 33.089 |
| 9B | 67 | 24 | 180 | 110.44 | 31.384 |
| 10A | 14 | 60 | 154 | 110.29 | 30.603 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |

Table 15
Passage Reading Fluency Descriptive Statistics: Grade 8

| Time Point | N | Minimum | Maximum | Mean | Std. Deviation |
|--------------------|-----|---------|---------|--------|----------------|
| 1A | 63 | 27 | 164 | 110.27 | 29.750 |
| 1B | 59 | 32 | 164 | 112.75 | 29.061 |
| 2A | 101 | 2 | 166 | 110.13 | 33.963 |
| 2B | 129 | 38 | 185 | 113.76 | 32.149 |
| 3A | 77 | 30 | 199 | 116.07 | 33.171 |
| 3B | 83 | 44 | 170 | 121.17 | 27.604 |
| 4A | 106 | 23 | 176 | 122.83 | 28.678 |
| 4B | 24 | 49 | 164 | 120.00 | 26.459 |
| 5A | 29 | 63 | 178 | 124.10 | 29.873 |
| 5B | 47 | 62 | 195 | 134.73 | 27.731 |
| 6A | 96 | 50 | 209 | 134.13 | 30.603 |
| 6B | 108 | 78 | 177 | 130.73 | 20.602 |
| 7A | 83 | 43 | 196 | 134.21 | 25.094 |
| 7B | 79 | 31 | 180 | 121.50 | 29.533 |
| 8A | 46 | 57 | 178 | 127.38 | 25.972 |
| 8B | 57 | 57 | 190 | 122.55 | 27.817 |
| 9A | 117 | 40 | 208 | 135.35 | 28.333 |
| 9B | 44 | 24 | 205 | 126.70 | 36.000 |
| 10A | 6 | 103 | 145 | 128.50 | 16.909 |
| 10B | 0 | | | | |
| Valid N (listwise) | 0 | | | | |