

Study Purpose

- 1) To study the alignment between existing easyCBM[®] 6-8 mathematics assessments and the Common Core State Standards (CCSS)
- 2) To strengthen CCSS-easyCBM[®] alignment, bolstering existing assessments to enhance the validity of score interpretations and instructional decisions made in response to student performance. (e.g., RTI)

Background

- CCSS provide a unified set of expectations for student knowledge and skill development
- CCSS guide instruction and assessment
- Alignment studies have focused primarily on accountability assessments (e.g., Webb 1999, Achieve, 2002)
- Formative Assessment (i.e., easyCBM[®]):
- Measure student progress (i.e., growth)
- Guide instructional decision-making
- Aid in the identification of students in need of additional services above/outside typical instruction
- Instruction and assessment form an integrated and ongoing process within the standards-based instructional cycle

∴ CCSS, pre-requisite knowledge/skills, and formative assessment must be aligned for teachers to make valid test-based inferences and appropriate instructional decisions tied to student performance and academic needs.



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For further information

Please contact Jasmine Park, at parkbitnara@gmail.com. More information on this and current assessment development projects can be obtained at http://www.brtprojects.org//.

6.RP.3. Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.

easyCBM[®] 6-8 Math Alignment to the CCSS **B.** Jasmine Park, P. Shawn Irvin, Julie Alonzo, & Gerald Tindal Behavioral Research and Teaching, University of Oregon, Eugene, Oregon, NASP 2013

Methods

- **Participants:** 15 teachers/district leaders, 7 states, teaching experience: *Mean* = 8.9 years, *Range* = 1-21 years
- **Design:** 135 seasonal benchmark items analyzed for alignment to on- and prior-grade CCSS, and standard pre-requisite skill sets
- Strength of alignment rating scale: 3-point Likert (0-2), where 0 = not at all linked, 1 = somewhat linked, <math>2 = 1directly linked

Item Sample – Ratings

Standard Level Agreement



Rater	Rating (Strength)
Rater 1	6.RP.3 (1)
Rater 2	6.RP.3 (2)
Rater 3	6.RP.3 (2)
Rater 4	6.RP.3 (2)
Rater 5	6.RP.3

Domain Lev	el Agreemer	nt	
22.	Rater	Rating (Strength)	
Beth has \$7.	Rater 1	6.EE.6 (2)	
She buys candy for \$3. 7 - 3 = y	Rater 2	6.EE.2 (2)	
y shows how much	Rater 3	6.EE.2 (1)	
A. \$ Beth has leftB. \$ Beth spends	Rater 4	6.EE.7 (2)	
C. \$ the candy costs	Rater 5	6.EE.6	

6.EE.2. Write, read, and evaluate expressions in which letters stand for numbers.

6.EE.6. Use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving a real-world or mathematical problem; understand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a specified set.

6.EE.7. Solve real-world and mathematical problems by writing and solving equations of the form x + p = q and px = q for cases in which p, q and x are all nonnegative rational numbers.



Domain (# of Str

- 6.RP (3)
- 6.NS (8) 6.EE (9)
- 6.G (4)
- 6.SP (5) Gr6 tota

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(# of	Sti

- 7.RP (3)
- 7.NS (3)
- 7.EE (4)
- 7.G (6) 7.SP (8)
- Gr7 total

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		On Grade			Prior Grade					
	Total	Fall	Winter	Spring		Total	Fall	Winter	Spring	
Domain (# of Stnd)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	Domain (# of Stnd)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	
8.F (5)	5 (100%)	4 (80%)	3 (60%)	5 (100%)	7.RP (3)	1 (33%)	1 (33%)	1 (33%)	0 (0%)	
8.NS (2)	1 (50%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (50%)	7.NS (3)	1 (33%)	0 (0%)	1 (33%)	0 (0%)	
8.EE (8)	4 (50%)	4 (50%)	2 (25%)	3 (38%)	7.EE (4)	2 (50%)	2 (50%)	2 (50%)	1 (25%)	
8.G (9)	6 (67%)	4 (44%)	3 (33%)	5 (56%)	7.G (6)	5 (83%)	3 (50%)	3 (50%)	5 (83%)	
8.SP (4)	2 (50%)	1 (25%)	1 (25%)	2 (50%)	7.SP (8)	3 (38%)	2 (25%)	2 (25%)	3 (38%)	
Gr8 total (28)	18 (64%)	13 (46%)	12 (43%)	16 (57%)	Gr7 total (24)	12 (50%)	8 (33%)	9 (38%)	9 (38%)	

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Anderson, D., Irvin, P. S., Alonzo, J., & Tindal, G. (2012). The Alignment of the easyCBM Middle School Mathematics CCSS Measures to the Common Core State Standards (Report No. 1208). Eugene, OR: Behavioral Research and Teaching, University of Oregon. Anderson, D., Irvin, P. S., Patarapichayatham, C., Alonzo, J., & Tindal, G. (2012). The Development and Scaling of the easyCBM CCSS Middle School Mathematics Measures (Report No. 1207). Eugene, OR: Behavioral Research and Teaching, University of Oregon. Irvin, P. S., Park, B. J., Alonzo, J., Tindal, G. (2012. The Alignment of the easyCBM Grades 6-8 Math Measures to the Common Core Standards (Report No. 1230). Eugene, OR: Behavioral Research and Teaching, University of Oregon. Irvin, P. S., Park, B. J., Alonzo, J., & Tindal, G. (2013). easyCBM® K-5 math alignment to the Common Core State Standards. Poster presented at the meeting of National Association of School Psychologists, Seattle, WA. Park, B. J., Irvin, P. S., Alonzo, J., Tindal, G. (2012. The Alignment of the easyCBM Grades 3-5 Math Measures to the Common Core Standards (Report No. 1229). Eugene, OR: Behavioral Research and Teaching, University of Oregon. Rothman, R., Slattery, J. B., Vranek, J. L., & Resnick, L. B. (2002). Benchmarking and alignment of standards and testing (Technical Report 566). Washington, DC: Center for the Study of Evaluation. Webb, N. L. (2002). Alignment study in language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies of state standards and assessments for four states. Washington, DC: Council of Chief State School Officers.

Results

Table 1. Grade 6 Results

		On Grade			Prior Grade					
	Total	Fall	Winter	Spring		Total	Fall	Winter	Spring	
nd)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	Domain (# of Stnd)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	
	3 (100%)	3 (100%)	3 (100%)	3 (100%)	5.OA (3)	3 (100%)	0 (0%)	3 (100%)	2 (67%)	
	3 (38%)	2 (25%)	2 (25%)	2 (25%)	5.NBT (7)	4 (57%)	3 (43%)	2 (29%)	4 (57%)	
)	8 (89%)	88 (89%)	7 (78%)	7 (78%)	5.NF (7)	7 (100%)	6 (86%)	5 (71%)	6 (86%)	
	3 (75%)	3 (75%)	0 (0%)	3 78%)	5.G (4)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	
)	2 (40%)	2 (40%)	1 (20%)	2 (40%)	5.MD (5)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	
l (29)	19 (66%)	18 (62%)	13 (45%)	17 (59%)	Gr5 total (26)	14 (54%)	9 (35%)	10 (38%)	12 (46%)	
ble 2	2. Grade 7 R	esults								
		On Grade					Prior Grade			
	Total	Fall	Winter	Spring	Domoin	Total	Fall	Winter	Spring	
nd)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	(# of Stnd)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	
	3 (100%)	2 (67%)	2 (67%)	3 (100%)	6.RP (3)	3 (100%)	2 (67%)	3 (100%)	3 (100%)	
	3 (100%)	2 (67%)	3 (100%)	3 (100%)	6.NS (8)	3 (38%)	3 (38%)	2 (25%)	2 (25%)	
)	3 (75%)	2 (50%)	2 (50%)	3 (75%)	6.EE (9)	6 (67%)	2 (22%)	4 (44%)	2 (22%)	
	3 (50%)	3 (50%)	3 (50%)	3 (50%)	6.G (4)	2 (50%)	1 (25%)	0 (0%)	2 (50%)	
)	3 (38%)	2 (25%)	2 (25%)	3 (38%)	6.SP (5)	1 (20%)	1 (20%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	
l (24)	15 (63%)	11 (46%)	12 (50%)	15 (63%)	Gr6 total (29)	15 (52%)	9 (31%)	9 (31%)	9 (31%)	
ble 3	8. Grade 8 R	esults								
		On Grade					Prior Grade			
	Total	Fall	Winter	Spring		Total	Fall	Winter	Spring	

	Total	Fall	Winter	Spring		Total	Fall	Winter	Spring
nd)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	Domain (# of Stnd)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)
)	3 (100%)	3 (100%)	3 (100%)	3 (100%)	5.OA (3)	3 (100%)	0 (0%)	3 (100%)	2 (67%)
)	3 (38%)	2 (25%)	2 (25%)	2 (25%)	5.NBT (7)	4 (57%)	3 (43%)	2 (29%)	4 (57%)
	8 (89%)	88 (89%)	7 (78%)	7 (78%)	5.NF (7)	7 (100%)	6 (86%)	5 (71%)	6 (86%)
	3 (75%)	3 (75%)	0 (0%)	3 78%)	5.G (4)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
	2 (40%)	2 (40%)	1 (20%)	2 (40%)	5.MD (5)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
l (29)	19 (66%)	18 (62%)	13 (45%)	17 (59%)	Gr5 total (26)	14 (54%)	9 (35%)	10 (38%)	12 (46%)
ble 2	2. Grade 7 R	esults							
		On Grade					Prior Grade		
	Total	Fall	Winter	Spring		Total	Fall	Winter	Spring
nd)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	Domain (# of Stnd)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)	# Stnd addressed (%)
)	3 (100%)	2 (67%)	2 (67%)	3 (100%)	6.RP (3)	3 (100%)	2 (67%)	3 (100%)	3 (100%)
)	3 (100%)	2 (67%)	3 (100%)	3 (100%)	6.NS (8)	3 (38%)	3 (38%)	2 (25%)	2 (25%)
	3 (75%)	2 (50%)	2 (50%)	3 (75%)	6.EE (9)	6 (67%)	2 (22%)	4 (44%)	2 (22%)
	3 (50%)	3 (50%)	3 (50%)	3 (50%)	6.G (4)	2 (50%)	1 (25%)	0 (0%)	2 (50%)
	3 (38%)	2 (25%)	2 (25%)	3 (38%)	6.SP (5)	1 (20%)	1 (20%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
l (24)	15 (63%)	11 (46%)	12 (50%)	15 (63%)	Gr6 total (29)	15 (52%)	9 (31%)	9 (31%)	9 (31%)
ble 3	8. Grade 8 R	esults							
		On Grade					Prior Grade		
	Total	Fall	Winter	Spring		Total	Fall	Winter	Spring

Future Directions – Assessment Development

SS Math benchmark and progress monitoring assessments for grades 6-8 were released in fall 2012 for district easyCBM® rs (Anderson, Irvin, Patarpichayatham, Alonzo & Tindal, 2012). Current findings supplement these efforts and subsequent nment results from Anderson, Irvin, Alonzo and Tindal (2012). rent easyCBM[®] assessment development in grades 6-8 is focused on supplementing the recently released CCSS Math with S-aligned items from the current study, with piloting and scaling to occur in Spring 2013, and a release of new assessments for ool year 2013-2014. Results will strengthen CCSS alignment and improve the validity of score interpretation and associated uctional decision-making within the context of school improvement efforts (e.g., RTI).

References

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