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In-Brief: Reliability of the Slope of the easyCBM® Math Measures

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Abstract

This in-brief technical report documents the results from two different analytic approaches for examining the reliability of the slope for easyCBM® math measures in Grades K-8. Results varied by grade, assessment measure, and the analytic approach. Results patterns are discussed.

In-Brief: Reliability of the Slope of the easyCBM® Math Measures

Background

The National Center on Intensive Interventions (NCII; https://intensiveintervention.org) evaluates both screening and progress monitoring tools for their technical adequacy, with the goal of helping educators select appropriate tools to meet their needs. Many of the analyses required by NCII are already part of our standard practice in developing assessments and are thus described in detail in the many technical reports we publish as part of our assessment development process. Other analyses, such as the reliability of the slope, reported here, fall outside the scope of our standard technical reports. In this brief, we present the results of our analyses of the reliability of the slope conducted with a population of students in need of intensive intervention.

Methods

Sample

The analytic sample consisted of students who took easyCBM® math progress monitoring measures during the 2014-2015, 2015-2016, and 2016-2017 school years. All students in the sample were identified by their districts as needing intensive intervention in the specific skill area targeted by the assessments for which their data were included in this study. Data from this study are a subset of a much larger extant data set. The larger data set includes scores for all students in all districts with easyCBM® accounts covering fall of 2014 to spring of 2017. From this larger data set, we included only those students identified as needing intensive intervention who had a minimum of 10 assessment scores for a given assessment measure with a minimum of 20 weeks between the first and last administration occasion. Thus, sample sizes varied greatly by grade and assessment measure administered.

Analyses

We analyzed the reliability of the slope using two approaches, *Pearson split-test correlation analysis* and *reliability of the slope*.

Pearson split-test correlation analysis. For each student, assessments were divided into two data subsets comprised of odd and even numbered tests, respectively, depending on the chronological order in which they were taken. An OLS slope of improvement (growth) was estimated for each data subset and for each student.

Reliability of slope. Reliability of the slope is defined here as the ratio of the true score variance to the total variance. The true score variance is the random slope variance in a mixed-effects growth model (lme4 package; Bates, Maechler, Bolker, & Walker, 2015) in the R software environment (R Core Team, 2018). The total variance is the estimation of total variance of each student's individual slope of improvement (R Core Team, 2018).

Results

Results for both analytic approaches (*Pearson split-test correlation* and *reliability of the slope*) are presented for Grades K-8 in Tables 1-9, respectively.

Table 1
Grade K Pearson Split-test Correlation (PC) and Reliability of Slope (RS) Analyses Results

Measure	n	Analytic	Correlation coefficient	95% Confidence Interval		
Measure	n Appr	Approach	(r)	Lower	Upper	
CCSS Math	9	PC	30	81	.45	
CCSS Maui	9	RS	.28	.00	1.00	
Numbers and	31	PC	.62	.33	.80	
Operations (NumOp)	31	31 PC .62 .33	.22	.97		
Coometry (CEO)	1	PC	NA	NA	NA	
Geometry (GEO)	1	RS	NA	NA	NA	
Measurement	NA	PC	NA	NA	NA	
(MEAS)	NA	RS	NA	NA	NA	

Table 2
Grade 1 Pearson Split-test Correlation (PC) and Reliability of Slope (RS) Analyses Results

Measure	74	Analytic	Correlation coefficient	95% Confidence Interval	
ivieasure	n	Approach	(r)	Lower	Upper
CCSS Math	41	PC	05	35	.26
CCSS Main	41	RS	.10	.00	.44
Numbers and	77	PC	.11	12	.33
Operations (NumOp)	77	RS	.18	.00	.45
Geometry (GEO)	22	PC	.42	01	.71
Geometry (GEO)	22	RS	.15	.01	.63
Numbers Operations	20	PC	.37	08	.70
and Algebra (NumOpAlg)	20	RS	.52	.10	1.00

Table 3
Grade 2 Pearson Split-test Correlation (PC) and Reliability of Slope (RS) Analyses Results

Measure	10	Analytic	Correlation coefficient	95% Confidence Interval	
ivieasure	n	Approach	(r)	Lower	Upper
CCSS Math	51	PC	.34	.07	.56
CCSS Watti	51	RS	.50	.22	.88
Numbers and	45	PC	.39	.11	.62
Operations (NumOp)	45	RS	.57	.28	.97
Measurement	7	PC	.48	43	.91
(MEAS)	7	RS	.01	.00	.70
Numbers Operations	9	PC	.03	65	.68
and Algebra (NumOpAlg)	9	RS	.06	.00	.93

Table 4
Grade 3 Pearson Split-test Correlation (PC) and Reliability of Slope (RS) Analyses Results

Measure	74	Analytic	Correlation	95% Confidence Interval	
Measure	n	Approach	coefficient (r)	Lower	Upper
CCSS Math	22	PC	.19	26	.56
CCSS Main	22	RS	.23	.00	.95
Numbers and	15	PC	.20	35	.65
Operations (NumOp)	15	RS	.09	NA	NA
Coometry (CEO)	5	PC	08	90	.86
Geometry (GEO)	5	RS	.36	.00	1.00
Numbers Operations	15	PC	.13	41	.60
and Algebra (NumOpAlg)	15	RS	.34	.00	1.00

Table 5
Grade 4 Pearson Split-test Correlation (PC) and Reliability of Slope (RS) Analyses Results

Measure		Analytic	ytic Correlation coefficient	95% Confidence Interval	
Wieasuie	n	Approach	(r)	Lower	Upper
CCSS Math	24	PC	.26	16	.60
CCSS Matii	24	RS	.24	.01	.77
Numbers and	31	PC	13	46	.24
Operations (NumOp)	31	RS	.04	.00	.33
Measurement	NA	PC	NA	NA	NA
(MEAS)	NA	RS	NA	NA	NA
Numbers Operations	16	PC	.22	31	.64
and Algebra (NumOpAlg)	16	RS	.12	.00	.84

Table 6
Grade 5 Pearson Split-test Correlation (PC) and Reliability of Slope (RS) Analyses Results

Marana	-	Analytic	Correlation	95% Confidence Interval	
Measure	n	Approach	coefficient (r)	Lower	Upper
CCSS Mode	19	PC	.31	17	.67
CCSS Math	19	RS	.42	.00	1.00
Numbers and	69	PC	.23	01	.44
Operations (NumOp)	69	RS	.29	.07	.58
Geometry Measurement and	6	PC	.44	58	.92
Algebra (GeoMeasAlg)	6	RS	.84	.23	1.00
Numbers Operations	6	PC	.28	69	.89
and Algebra (NumOpAlg)	6	RS	.46	.00	1.00

Table 7
Grade 6 Pearson Split-test Correlation (PC) and Reliability of Slope (RS) Analyses Results

Maggura		Analytic	Correlation coefficient	95% Confidence Interval	
Measure	n	Approach	(r)	Lower	Upper
CCSS Math	5	PC	.65	55	.97
CCSS Matil	5	RS	.76	.01	1.00
Numbers and	8	PC	.41	42	.87
Operations (NumOp)	8	RS	.18	.00	1.00
Algebra (ALC)	NA	PC	NA	NA	NA
Algebra (ALG)	NA	RS	NA	NA	NA
Numbers Operations	4	PC	.50	89	.99
and Ratios (NumOpRat)	4	RS	.04	.00	1.00

Table 8
Grade 7 Pearson Split-test Correlation (PC) and Reliability of Slope (RS) Analyses Results

Magguera		Analytic	Correlation coefficient	95% Confidence Interval	
Measure	n	Approach	(r)	Lower	Upper
CCSS Math	3	PC	.88	NA	NA
CCSS Main	3	RS	.62	NA	NA
Numbers Operations Algebra and	2	PC	NA	NA	NA
Geometry (NumOpAlgGeo)	2	RS	NA	NA	NA
Measurement Geometry and	NA	PC	NA	NA	NA
Algebra (MeasGeoAlg)	NA	RS	NA	NA	NA
Numbers Operations	12	PC	.58	.01	.87
and Algebra (NumOpAlg)	12	RS	.29	.03	.90

Table 9
Grade 8 Pearson Split-test Correlation (PC) and Reliability of Slope (RS) Analyses Results

	Analytic		Correlation	95% Confidence Interval	
Measure	n	Approach	coefficient (r)	Lower	Upper
CCSS Moth	86	PC	.41	.21	.57
CCSS Math	86	RS	.65**	.43	.92
11 1 (AVG)	24	PC	.27	15	.61
Algebra (ALG)	24	RS	.38	.05	.93
Geometry and	NA	PC	NA	NA	NA
Measurement (GeoMeas)	NA	RS	NA	NA	NA
Data Analysis Numbers Operations	32	PC	.45	.13	.69
and Algebra (DANumOpAlg)	32	RS	.44	.12	.88

Discussion

Results varied by grade, measure, and analytic approach. We document reasonable reliability of the slope, whereby the lower bound of the 95% confidence interval around the median correlation estimate falls below 0.50 but meets or exceeds 0.40, for the Grade 8 CCSS Math measure using the *reliability of slope* analytic approach. Results for all grades and measures varied greatly and were, on average, relatively less encouraging. Given extant data were used for the analyses reported here, we are currently planning a series of studies to better control for sample population characteristics as well as instructional/assessment approach. For many grades and measures, for example, correlation coefficients were not estimable or reliable given extremely low sample size. We anticipate improved reliability of the slope results for all grades and measures in planned studies.

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